REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE GRAYSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE GRAYSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2007

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Grayson County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Grayson County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$6,647,622 as of June 30, 2007. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,794,202 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2007, with total net assets of \$6,406,812. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$203,914 with total net assets of \$240,810. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2007 of \$10,568,046 with \$1,125,623 due within the next year.

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits, as of August 31, 2006, were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

• Uncollateralized and Uninsured \$75,807

The fiscal court's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance and a properly executed collateral security agreement, but the bank did not adequately collateralize fiscal court's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Gary Logsdon, Grayson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Grayson County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grayson County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Grayson County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Grayson County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grayson County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Gary Logsdon, Grayson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Grayson County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Grayson County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated May 24, 2008, on our consideration of Grayson County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accountants

May 24, 2008

GRAYSON COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

Fiscal Court Members:

Gary Logsdon County Judge/Executive

Harold Johnson Magistrate
Presto Gary Magistrate
Bill Skaggs Magistrate
Randy Jason Dennis Magistrate
Andy Logsdon Magistrate
Curtis Wells Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Thomas H. Goff County Attorney

Darwin Demnison Jailer

Carletta Farris County Clerk

Elois Downs Circuit Court Clerk

Rick Clemons Sheriff

Roger Tomes Property Valuation Administrator

Joe Brad Hudson Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Rebecca Hayse County Treasurer

Larry Holeman Occupational Tax Collector

Freida Alexander Finance Officer

Steve Mahurin Road Supervisor

Kim Miller 911 Administrator

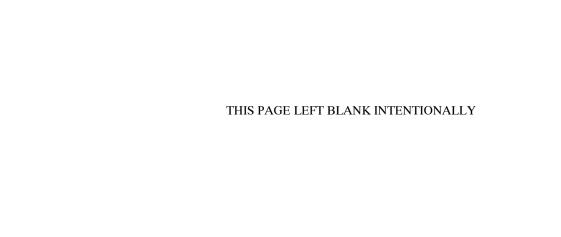
Sandy Farris Jail Administrative Assistant



GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals		
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash And Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,174,105	\$ 203,914	\$ 2,378,019		
Total Current Assets	2,174,105	203,914	2,378,019		
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets - Net Of Accumulated					
Depreciation					
Construction In Progress		486,292	486,292		
Land and Land Improvements	820,559	192,200	1,012,759		
Buildings	9,786,236		9,786,236		
Vehicles and Equipment	1,587,936	36,896	1,624,832		
Infrastructure Assets - Net					
Of Depreciation	1,927,530		1,927,530		
Total Noncurrent Assets	14,122,261	715,388	14,837,649		
Total Assets	16,296,366	919,302	17,215,668		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:					
Bonds Payable	350,000		350,000		
Lease Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes	330,000	678,492	678,492		
Financing Obligations Payable	07 131	070,492	97,131		
Total Current Liabilities	97,131 447,131	678,492	1,125,623		
Total Current Liabilities	447,131	0/8,492	1,125,025		
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds Payable	8,655,000		8,655,000		
Financing Obligations Payable	787,423		787,423		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,442,423		9,442,423		
Total Liabilities	9,889,554	678,492	10,568,046		
NET ASSETS					
Invested In Capital Assets,					
Net Of Related Debt	4,232,707	36,896	4,269,603		
Restricted For:					
Debt Service	379,903		379,903		
Unrestricted	1,794,202	203,914	1,998,116		
Total Net Assets	\$ 6,406,812	\$ 240,810	\$ 6,647,622		



GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Program Revenues Received							
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	4,599,984	\$	35,034	\$	132,932	\$	298,358
Protection To Persons And Property		7,019,537		9,320,532		453,952		
General Health And Sanitation		99,029				79,213		
Social Services		19,067				10,868		
Recreation And Culture		25,952						
Roads		2,056,083				2,191,931		
Bus Service		8,500				978		
Debt Service		1,003,198						
Capital Projects		643,019						
Total Governmental Activities		15,474,369		9,355,566		2,869,874		298,358
Business-type Activities:								
Jail Canteen		719,221		786,153				
Public Properties Corporation				•				
Total Business-type Activities		719,221		786,153				
Total Primary Government	\$	16,193,590	\$	10,141,719	\$	2,869,874	\$	298,358

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Occupational Taxes
Other Taxes
Excess Fees
Miscellaneous Revenues
Insurance Proceeds
Interest Received
Gain on Disposal of Vehicles

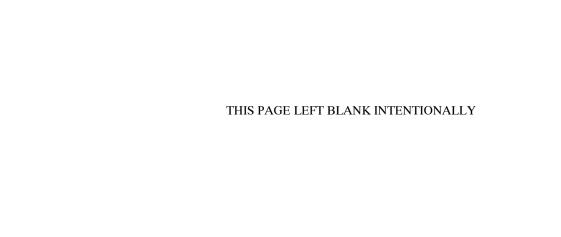
Total General Revenues and Transfers Change In Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government								
	11	imary Governme	ш					
	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Totals				
	1 Icorvicios	110011000		100015				
ф	(4.122.660)	ф	ф	(4.122.660)				
\$	(4,133,660) 2,754,947	\$	\$	(4,133,660) 2,754,947				
	(19,816) (8,199)			(19,816) (8,199)				
	(6,199) (25,952)			(6,199) (25,952)				
	135,848			135,848				
	(7,522)			(7,522)				
	(7,322) $(1,003,198)$			(7,322) $(1,003,198)$				
	(643,019)			(643,019)				
	(043,012)			(043,012)				
	(2,950,571)			(2,950,571)				
		66,932		66,932				
		66,932	_	66,932				
\$	(2,950,571)	\$ 66,932	\$	(2,883,639)				
	484,046			484,046				
	67,729			67,729				
	118,050			118,050				
	1,079,611			1,079,611				
	520,226			520,226				
	158,190			158,190				
	338,422			338,422				
	274,842			274,842				
	101,686			101,686				
	11,652			11,652				
	3,154,454			3,154,454				
	203,883	66,932		270,815				
	6,202,929	173,878		6,376,807				
\$	6,406,812	\$ 240,810	\$	6,647,622				



GRAYSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

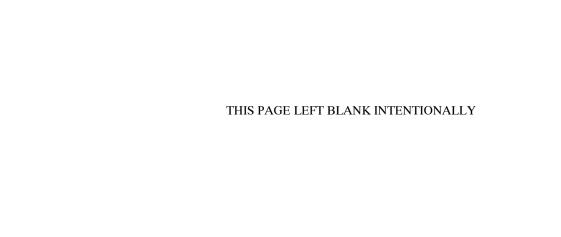
GRAYSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

	General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund		Detention Facility Project Bond Fund		Non- Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS												
Cash And Cash Equivalents	\$	286,352	\$	135,900	\$	1,324,518	\$	379,903	\$	47,432	\$	2,174,105
Total Assets	\$	286,352	\$	135,900	\$	1,324,518	\$	379,903	\$	47,432	\$	2,174,105
FUND BALANCES												
Reserved For:												
Encumbrances	\$	24,407	\$	133,787	\$	126,708	\$		\$	7,033	\$	291,935
Debt Service								379,903				379,903
Unreserved:												
General Fund		261,945										261,945
Special Revenue Funds				2,113		1,197,810				40,399		1,240,322
Total Fund Balances	\$	286,352	\$	135,900	\$	1,324,518	\$	379,903	\$	47,432	\$	2,174,105

Reconciliation To Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,174,105
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used In Governmental Activities Are Not Financial	
Resources And Therefore Are Not Reported In The Funds.	17,862,334
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,740,073)
Long-term Debt Is Not Due And Payable In The Current Period And,	
Therefore, Is Not Reported In The Funds.	
Financing Obligations	(884,554)
Bonded Debt	(9,005,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,406,812



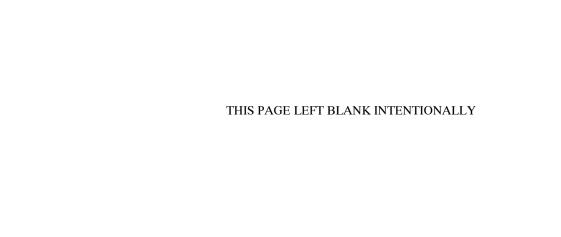
GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund	Road Fund		Jail Fund		Detention Facility roject Bond Fund
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 1,270,361	\$ 701,747	\$		\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments	16,241					
Excess Fees	158,190					
Licenses and Permits	18,131					
Intergovernmental	260,880	2,191,931		9,491,194		
Charges for Services	975			89,243		
Miscellaneous	34,799	52,129		411,106		
Interest	14,284	26,322		45,415		10,526
Total Revenues	1,773,861	2,972,129	_	10,036,958		10,526
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	945,215					
Protection to Persons and Property	50,964			6,457,570		
General Health and Sanitation	84,297			, ,		
Social Services						
Recreation and Culture	55,849					
Roads		2,953,523				
Bus Services						
Debt Service	78,957	25,292		20,832		782,893
Capital Projects	50,000			295,165		
Administration	741,387	326,472		2,414,352		
Total Expenditures	 2,006,669	3,305,287		9,187,919	_	782,893
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other						
Financing Sources (Uses)	 (232,808)	 (333,158)		849,039		(772,367)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Bond Sale Proceeds						8,135,000
Bond Discount						(65,285)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent						(7,962,218)
Transfers to Other Funds	(60,000)	(77,310)		(881,789)		
Transfers from Other Funds	169,510	100,000				771,789
Financing Obligation Proceeds	50,000			284,350		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	159,510	22,690		(597,439)		879,286
Net Change in Fund Balances	(73,298)	(310,468)		251,600		106,919
Fund Balances - Beginning	 359,650	446,368		1,072,918		272,984
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 286,352	\$ 135,900	\$	1,324,518	\$	379,903

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

	Non- Major Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds				
\$	265,685	\$	2,237,793				
Ψ	203,003	ψ	16,241				
			158,190				
			18,131				
	410,169		12,354,174				
	60,000		150,218				
	191,083		689,117				
	5,139		101,686				
	932,076		15,725,550				
	932,070		13,723,330				
	11 524		056 720				
	11,524		956,739				
	640,178		7,148,712				
	14,732		99,029				
	17,118	17,118					
	20,005		75,854				
	0.500		2,953,523				
	8,500		8,500				
	29,208		937,182				
	297,854		643,019				
	118,705		3,600,916				
	1,157,824		16,440,592				
	(225,748)		(715,042)				
			8,135,000				
			(65,285)				
			(7,962,218)				
			(7,902,218) $(1,019,099)$				
	170.000						
	170,000		1,211,299				
	170.000		334,350				
	170,000		634,047				
	(55,748)		(80,995)				
	103,180		2,255,100				
	100,100		2,233,100				
\$	47,432	\$	2,174,105				

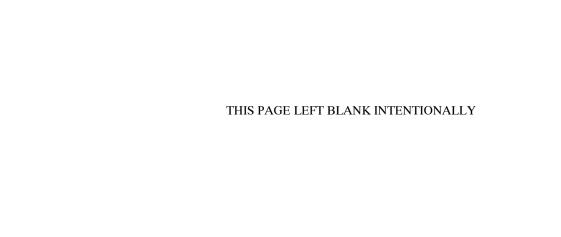


GRAYSON COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAYSON COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

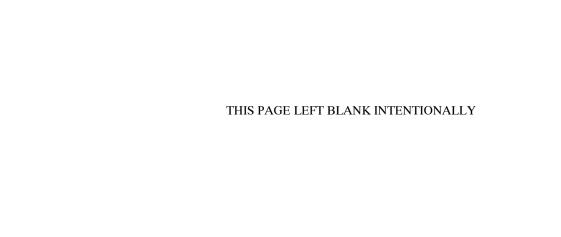
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (80,995)
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities, the Cost of Those Assets Is Allocated Over Their	
Estimated Useful Lives and Reported as Depreciation Expense.	
Capital Outlay	1,668,213
Depreciation Expense	(621,805)
Book Value of Disposed Capital Assets	(259,502)
The Issuance of Long-term Debt (e.g. Bonds, Financing Obligations) Provides Current	, , ,
Financial Resources to Governmental Funds while Principal Payments Are Expense in the	
Governmental Funds as a Use of Current Financial Resources. These Transactions,	
however, Have No Effect on Net Assets.	
Financing Obligation Proceeds	(334,350)
Bond Issuance Proceeds	(8,135,000)
Financing Obligations Payments	117,322
Bond Payments	280,000
Payment to Refund Bonds - Principal	 7,570,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 203,883



GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

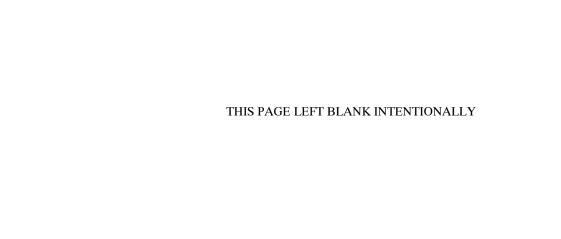
	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Jail Canteen Fund		Public Properties Corporation Fund		Totals	
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	203,914	\$		\$	203,914
Total Current Assets		203,914				203,914
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Construction in Progress				486,292		486,292
Land				192,200		192,200
Vehicles and Equipment		82,958				82,958
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(46,062)				(46,062)
Total Noncurrent Assets		36,896		678,492		715,388
Total Assets		240,810		678,492		919,302
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Lease Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes				678,492		678,492
Total Current Liabilities				678,492		678,492
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets		36,896				36,896
Unrestricted		203,914				203,914
Total Net Assets	\$	240,810	\$	0	\$	240,810



GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

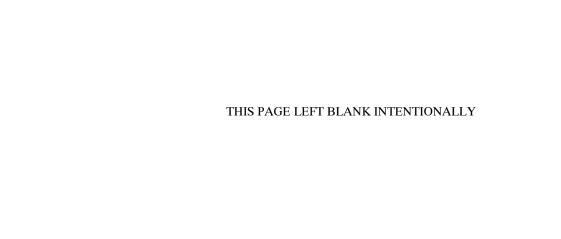
	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Jail Canteen Fund		Public Properties Corporation Fund		Totals			
Operating Revenues								
Canteen Receipts	\$	722,660	\$	\$	722,660			
Other Receipts		63,493			63,493			
Total Operating Revenues		786,153			786,153			
Operating Expenses								
Cost of Sales		260,726			260,726			
Jail Fees		59,007			59,007			
Entertainment		11,757			11,757			
Pay Commissary		340,678			340,678			
Depreciation		15,591			15,591			
Miscellaneous		31,462			31,462			
Total Operating Expenses		719,221			719,221			
Operating Income (Loss)		66,932			66,932			
Change In Net Assets		66,932			66,932			
Total Net Assets - Beginning		173,878			173,878			
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	240,810	\$ 0	\$	240,810			



GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Jail Canteen Fund			Public Properties Orporation Fund		Totals	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Receipts From Customers	\$	722,660	\$		\$	722,660	
Other Receipts	_	63,493	_		-	63,493	
Cost of Sales		(260,726)				(260,726)	
Jail Fees		(59,007)				(59,007)	
Entertainment		(11,757)				(11,757)	
Pay Commissary		(340,678)				(340,678)	
Miscellaneous		(31,462)				(31,462)	
Net Cash Provided By			-				
Operating Activities		82,523				82,523	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities							
Transfers to Other Funds				(192,200)		(192,200)	
Net Cash Used By Noncapital							
Financing Activities				(192,200)		(192,200)	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Lease Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes Proceeds Capital Asset Construction in Progress		(19,250)		678,492 (486,292)		678,492 (19,250) (486,292)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and				(100,252)		(100,252)	
Related Financing Activities		(19,250)		192,200		172,950	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		63,273				63,273	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2006		140,641				140,641	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2007	\$	203,914	\$	0	\$	203,914	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income	\$	66,932	\$		\$	66,932	
To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities Depreciation Expense		15,591				15,591	
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	82,523	\$	0	\$	82,523	



GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

GRAYSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

	Agency Fund		
		Jail Inmate Fund	
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	55,591	
Total Assets	\$	55,591	
T - L-1944			
Liabilities		o.	
Amounts Held In Custody For Others	\$	55,591	
Total Liabilities	\$	55,591	

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GRAYSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Grayson County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes no organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. The County has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Unit

The following legally separate organization provides services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Unit (Continued)

Grayson County Public Properties Corporation

Fiscal Court has the authority to appoint a voting majority of the Public Properties Corporation's (PPC) Board of Directors. Fiscal Court also has the ability to approve or modify the PPC's budget, approve or modify rate or fee changes affecting revenues, veto, overrule, or modify decisions of the Board of Directors, or otherwise impose its will on the PPC. In addition, Fiscal Court is financially accountable for the PPC, legally entitled to the PPC's resources, as well as legally obligated for the PPC's debt. Financial information for the Public Properties Corporation is blended within Grayson County's financial statements.

C. Grayson County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Grayson County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities, and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These officials are not part of the Grayson County reporting entity.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets: 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: l) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Detention Facility Project Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest for the Grayson County Detention Facility. The Department for Local Government does not require the fiscal court to report or budget this fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Federal Grant Fund, Disaster and Emergency Services Fund, and Emergency 911 Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Federal Grant Fund, Disaster and Emergency Services Fund and Emergency 911 Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Debt Service Fund:

The Detention Facility Project Bond Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Enterprise Funds:

The principal operating revenue of the county's enterprise funds is charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund and charges of rent in the Grayson County Public Properties Corporation. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major enterprise funds:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Grayson County Public Properties Corporation Fund - The Public Properties Corporation accounts for the activities of the Public Corporation, a blended component unit of the county. The Public Properties Corporation issued debt to build a new judicial building. The Public Properties Corporation entered into a contract, lease, and option with the County and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC), Commonwealth of Kentucky. The Department for Local Government does not require the fiscal court to report or budget this fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The county's agency fund, the Jail Inmate Fund, is used to account for inmate monies held by the Jailer, for custodial purposes only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life		
	Tl	hreshold	(Years)		
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60		
Buildings	\$	50,000	10-75		
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75		
Machinery and Equipment	\$	15,000	3-25		
Vehicles	\$	12,500	3-25		
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50		

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes, and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The State Local Finance Officer does not require a formal budget to be adopted for the Jail Canteen Fund.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Grayson County Fiscal Court: Grayson County Water Districts, Grayson County Soil Conservation District, Grayson County Extension Service, and Grayson County Library.

Note 2. Deposits

The County maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial Credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2007, fiscal court deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral agreement. However, as of August 31, 2006, public funds were exposed to custodial credit risk because the bank did not adequately collateralize the fiscal court's deposits in accordance with the security agreement as follows:

Uncollateralized and Unsecured \$75,807

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity								
	Beginning			Ending					
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance					
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 717,594	\$ 295,165	\$ (192,200)	\$ 820,559					
Total Capital Assets Not Being									
Depreciated	717,594	295,165	(192,200)	820,559					
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Buildings	12,063,426			12,063,426					
Vehicles and Equipment	2,677,896	257,129	(158,121)	2,776,904					
Infrastructure	1,085,526	1,115,919	(, ,	2,201,445					
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated	15,826,848	1,373,048	(158,121)	17,041,775					
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings	(2,061,828)	(215,362)		(2,277,190)					
Vehicles and Equipment	(1,056,798)	(222,989)	90,819	(1,188,968)					
Infrastructure	(90,461)	(183,454)		(273,915)					
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,209,087)	(621,805)	90,819	(3.740.073)					
Total Capital Assets, Being	(3,209,007)	(021,003)	90,019	(3,740,073)					
Depreciated, Net	12,617,761	751,243	(67,302)	13,301,702					
Governmental Activities Capital	12,017,701	,51,215	(37,302)	10,001,702					
Assets, Net	\$ 13,335,355	\$ 1,046,408	\$ (259,502)	\$ 14,122,261					

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows: (Continued)

	Reporting Entity							
	Beginning					Ending		
	Balance	I	ncreases	Decreases	I	Balance		
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	\$	486,292	\$	\$	486,292		
Land			192,200			192,200		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated			678,492			678,492		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Vehicles and Equipment	63,708		19,250			82,958		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	63,708		19,250			82,958		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Vehicles and Equipment	(30,471)		(15,591)			(46,062)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(30,471)		(15,591)			(46,062)		
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	33,237		3,659			36,896		
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 33,237	\$	682,151	\$	\$	715,388		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 42,628
Protection to Persons and Property	344,001
Social Services	1,949
Recreation and Culture	998
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 232,229
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 621,805
Business-Type Activities	
Jail Canteen Fund	\$ 15,591
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 15,591

Note 4. Short-term Debt - Lease Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes

On August 11, 2006 the Grayson County Public Properties Corporation issued Lease Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes in the amount of \$1,000,000 at 3.92% interest rate. During the year, the Public Properties Corporation used \$678,492 of the \$1,000,000 available. In the subsequent fiscal year, the Public Properties Corporation repaid principal in the amount of \$678,492, and interest of \$10,999.

Short-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginnin	g						Ending
	Balance	:	Additions		Reductions		Balance	
Primary Government:								
Business Type Activities:								
Bank of Clarkson	\$		\$	678,492	\$		\$	678,492
Business Type Activities								
Short-term Liabilities	\$	0	\$	678,492	\$	0	\$	678,492

Note 5. Long-term Debt - Bonds

A. General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 1999

The Fiscal Court issued obligations, dated September 1, 1999 and payable in 25 annual installments beginning September 1, 2002, with \$9,700,000 term bonds due on September 1, 22024, and semi-annual interest payments on the first of March and September at varying rates from 5.0 % to 5.375 %. The Fiscal Court issued the bonds for the purpose of constructing a Detention Center.

The Fiscal Court issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 to partially refund the series 1999 bonds. As of June 30, 2007, bonds outstanding were \$920,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	rincipal	I	nterest				
2008 2009 2010	\$	290,000 305,000 325,000	\$	38,750 23,875 8,125				
Totals	\$	920,000	\$	70,750				

B. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2006

The Fiscal Court issued obligations, dated October 15, 2006 and payable in 19 annual installments beginning September 1, 2007, with \$8,135,000 term bonds due on September 1, 2024, and semi-annual interest payments on the first of March and September at varying rates from 5.0 % to 5.375 %.

The Fiscal Court issued the bonds to refund the General Obligation Improvement Series 1999 Bonds due September 1, 2010 through 2024. The refunding of the Series 1999 Bonds will be accomplished pursuant to the Escrow Agreement by and between the County and U. S. Bank, National Association, the paying agent for the Series 1999 Bonds (the "Escrow Agent") by depositing with the Escrow Agent a sum of initial cash and certain noncallable direct obligations of the United States Treasury (collectively, the "Government Obligations"). The funds needed to make the initial cash deposit and to purchase the Government Obligations will be provided from the proceeds of the Bonds.

The Government Obligations to be purchased and deposited with the Escrow Agent will bear interest at such rates and will be scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts so that, when paid according to their respective terms, sufficient moneys together with any amounts of cash then on deposit with the Escrow Agent, will be available to fully provide for: (i) the timely payment of interest on the Series 1999 Bonds accruing from September 1, 2006 to and including September 1, 2009 (the earliest date on which such bonds can be redeemed prior to maturity); and (ii) to redeem on November 1, 2010 at a price equal to 101% of principal amount the Series 1999 Bonds which as of that date have not been redeemed, retired or otherwise paid.

All moneys and Government Obligations on deposit with the Escrow Agent, including interest to be earned thereon, are pledged solely and irrevocably for the benefit of the holders of the Series 1999 bonds.

As of June 30, 2007, bonds outstanding were \$8,085,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Interest & Fees		
2008	\$	60,000	\$	308,274	
2009		60,000		306,136	
2010		60,000		303,961	
2011		400,000		295,624	
2012		415,000		280,852	
2013-2017		2,315,000		1,160,733	
2018-2022		2,805,000		677,035	
2023-2025		1,970,000		120,400	
Totals	\$	8,085,000	\$	3,453,015	

A. Voting Machines

On December 18, 1997 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the amount of \$127,620 at a 4.25% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was for the funding of voting machines. The maturity date of the obligation is December 20, 2007. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2007 was \$7,703. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	(Governmental Activites			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Pr	incipal	Interest & Fee		
2008	\$	7,703	\$	133	
Totals	\$	7,703	\$	133	

B. Ambulance

On June 25, 2005 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the amount of \$60,000 at 4.25 percent interest for a period of five years. The financing obligation was for funding of an ambulance. The maturity date of the obligation is July 20, 2029. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$38,755. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmei	ntal Ac	tivites	
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest & Fees		
2008	\$	11,920	\$	1,802	
2009		12,532		1,275	
2010		13,175		633	
2011		1,128		23	
Totals	\$	38,755	\$	3,733	

Note 6. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations (Continued)

C. Truck and Backhoe

On December 23, 2003 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the sum of \$55,500 at 2.73 percent interest for a period of five years. The financing obligation was for the funding of a truck and backhoe. The maturity date of the obligation is January 20, 2009. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$18,497. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental Activites			
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	P	rincipal	Intere	st & Fees	
2008	\$	11,578	\$	521	
2009		6,919		121	
Totals	\$	18,497	\$	642	

D. 911 Communications Center Dictaphone Freedom Recording System

On June 19, 2003 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Fleetwood Financial in the amount of \$15,712 at a variable interest rate for a period of five years. The financing obligation was for funding of a Dictaphone Freedom Recording System for the 911 Communication Center. The obligation matures in October 2007. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$3,009. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	(Governmei	ntal Activites		
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	P1	rincipal	Interest & Fees		
2008	\$	3,009	\$	133	
Totals	\$	3,009	\$	133	

E. <u>Detention Center Dictaphone Freedom Recording System</u>

On June 19, 2003 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Fleetwood Financial in the amount of \$15,649 at a variable interest rate for a period of five years. The financing obligation was for funding of a Dictaphone Freedom Recording System for the Detention Center. The obligation matures in October 2007. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$3,023. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activites			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Pr	incipal	Intere	st & Fees
June 30		псіраі	Intere	<u>st & 1 ccs</u>
2008	\$	3,023	\$	107
Totals	\$	3,023	\$	107

Note 6. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations (Continued)

F. Judicial Center Property

On December 10, 2004 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the amount of \$300,000 at a variable interest rate for a period of 25 years. The financing obligation was for funding of property for a new judicial center. The maturity date of the obligation is July 20, 2029. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$290,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activites			
Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30	F	Principal	Inter	rest & Fees
2008	\$	10,000	\$	14,025
2009		10,000		13,521
2010		10,000		13,025
2011		10,000		12,522
2012		10,000		12,042
2013-2017		50,000		52,736
2018-2022		60,000		39,645
2023-2027		75,000		21,865
2028-2030		55,000		3,410
Totals	\$	290,000	\$	182,791

G. Property

On June 7, 2005 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the amount of \$13,500 at 4.25 % interest for a period of five years. The financing obligation was for funding of property. The maturity date of the obligation is July 20, 2029. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$8,500. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activites			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal	Interest & Fees	
2008 2009	\$	3,000 3,000	\$	290 172
2010		2,500		60
Totals	\$	8,500	\$	522

Note 6. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations (Continued)

H. Sheriff's Vehicles

On July 29, 2005 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Old National Bank in the amount of \$72,000 at 4.60 % interest for a period of five years. The financing obligation was for the funding of three sheriff's vehicles. The maturity date of the obligation is July 20, 2010. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$58,865. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	-	Governmen	tal Activities	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	Interest & Fees	
2008	\$	13,739	\$	2,708
2009		14,371		2,076
2010		15,032		1,415
2011		15,723		723
Totals	\$	58,865	\$	6,922

I. Road Grader

On May 4, 2006 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the amount of \$140,167 at 4.30 % interest for a period of fifteen years. The financing obligation was for funding of a road grader. The maturity date of the obligation is May 20, 2021. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$133,177. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30	F	Principal	Inter	est & Fees
2008	\$	6,797	\$	6,602
2009		7,144		6,388
2010		7,510		6,023
2011		7,894		5,636
2012		8,298		5,227
2013-2017		48,310		19,357
2018-2021		47,224		5,793
Totals	\$	133,177	\$	55,026

Note 6. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations (Continued)

J. Skate Park

On November 3, 2006 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the amount of \$50,000 at 4.365 % interest for a period of fifteen years. The financing obligation was for funding of a skate park. The maturity date of the obligation is November 20, 2021. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$48,676. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	P	rincipal	Inter	est & Fees	
2008	\$	2,362	\$	2,510	
2009		2,483		2,475	
2010		2,611		2,348	
2011		2,745		2,213	
2012		2,886		2,075	
2013-2017		16,808		7,992	
2018-2022		18,781		3,134	
Totals	\$	48,676	\$	22,747	

K. Detention Center Property

On December 4, 2006 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the amount of \$284,350 at 5.188 % interest for a period of ten years. The financing obligation was for funding of property for the detention center. The maturity date of the obligation is July 20, 2016. The principal balance of the obligation as of June 30, 2007 was \$274,350. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended				_	
June 30	F	rincipal	Interest & Fees		
2008	\$	24,000	\$	13,462	
	Ф		Φ		
2009		24,000		12,397	
2010		24,000		11,182	
2011		24,000		9,966	
2012		29,000		8,729	
2013-2017		149,350		17,119	
Totals	\$	274,350	\$	72,855	

Note 6. Long-term Debt - Financing Obligations (Continued)

L. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds (Note 5)	\$ 8,720,000	\$ 8,135,000	\$ 7,850,000	\$ 9,005,000	\$ 350,000
Financing Obligations:					
Fleetwood Financial	11,568		5,536	6,032	6,032
Kentucky Association Of					
Counties Leasing Trust Program	558,633	334,350	73,326	819,657	77,360
Old National Bank	72,000		13,135	58,865	13,739
Verizon Credit	25,325		25,325		
Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 9,387,526	\$ 8,469,350	\$ 7,967,322	\$ 9,889,554	\$ 447,131

Note 7. Interest On Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$51,405 in interest on financing obligations and \$346,389 in interest on bonds.

Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.19 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 28.21 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation

On April 3, 2003, the Grayson County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 10. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, Grayson County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 11. Detention Center Accounting System

Beginning in fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, the County Jailer assumed responsibility for paying and accounting for Jail Fund expenditures. The County Treasurer still receives, deposits and records Jail Fund revenue in the receipts ledger, and receives and reconciles monthly bank statements to receipts. The County Jailer receives invoices from vendors, computes payroll for jail personnel, presents claims to fiscal court for approval, prepares Jail Fund checks, maintains the Jail Fund appropriations ledger and warrant distribution register, and reconciles monthly bank statements. Jail Fund checks are co-signed by the County Jailer, in addition to the County Judge/Executive and County Treasurer. The Department for Local Government assisted in the design and approved this accounting system for the Grayson County Detention Center.

Note 12. Subsequent Events

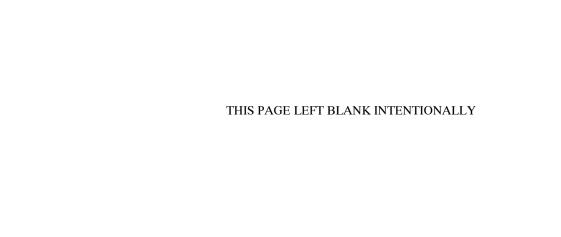
Grayson County Public Properties Corporation Lease Revenue Bonds (Judicial Center Project)

The Grayson County Public Properties Corporation issued lease revenue bonds in the amount of \$12,115,000 with interest rates varying from 4.25 % to 4.625 % on September 11, 2007. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to acquire, construct, and equip a new judicial center. The maturity date of the bonds is September 1, 2027.

The Bonds do not constitute a debt, liability, or obligation of the County of Grayson, Kentucky (the "County") or the Grayson County Public Properties Corporation (the "issuer"), or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the County or the Issuer, but are payable solely from rental income derived from an annually renewable lease agreement.

Note 13. Sale of Land

The Grayson County Public Properties Corporation (PPC), a blended component unit, purchased land from Grayson County Fiscal Court during the year. The Fiscal Court received cash of \$192,200 from the PPC as a result of the sale.



GRAYSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

GRAYSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

	GENERAL FUND			
	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,187,100	\$ 1,187,100	\$ 1,270,361	\$ 83,261
In Lieu Tax Payments	9,700	9,700	16,241	6,541
Excess Fees	64,167	158,000	158,190	190
Licenses and Permits	5,050	5,050	18,131	13,081
Intergovernmental Revenue	210,005	210,005	260,880	50,875
Charges for Services	25,300	25,300	975	(24,325)
Miscellaneous	55,000	62,167	34,799	(27,368)
Interest	6,000	6,000	14,284	8,284
Total Revenues	1,562,322	1,663,322	1,773,861	110,539
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	806,851	992,049	945,215	46,834
Protection to Persons and Property	63,258	75,922	50,964	24,958
General Health and Sanitation	82,530	84,297	84,297	,
Recreation and Culture	50,000	55,849	55,849	
Debt Service	63,522	78,956	78,957	(1)
Administration	713,471	753,209	741,387	11,822
Total Expenditures	1,779,632	2,040,282	1,956,669	83,613
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	(217,310)	(376,960)	(182,808)	194,152
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers to Other Funds	(60,000)	` /	(60,000)	
Transfers from Other Funds	77,310	77,310	169,510	92,200
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	17,310	17,310	109,510	92,200
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(200,000)		(73,298)	286,352
Fund Balance - Beginning	200,000	359,650	359,650	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 286,352	\$ 286,352

GRAYSON COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES
Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis
For The Year Ended June 30, 2007
(Continued)

	ROAD FUND			
	Budgeted		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
Taxes	\$ 600,000	\$ 685,000	\$ 701,747	\$ 16,747
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,734,186	2,102,216	2,191,931	89,715
Miscellaneous	22,000	141,500	52,129	(89,371)
Interest	11,500	11,500	26,322	14,822
Total Revenues	2,367,686	2,940,216	2,972,129	31,913
Total Revenues	2,307,000	2,940,210	2,972,129	31,913
EXPENDITURES				
Roads	2,123,531	2,976,682	2,953,523	23,159
Debt Service	48,867	25,292	25,292	,
Administration	587,978	330,932	326,472	4,460
Total Expenditures	2,760,376	3,332,906	3,305,287	27,619
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	(392,690)	(392,690)	(333,158)	59,532
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers to Other Funds	(77,310)	(77,310)	(77,310)	
Transfers from Other Funds			100,000	100,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(77,310)	(77,310)	22,690	100,000
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(470,000)	(470,000)	(310,468)	159,532
Fund Balance - Beginning	470,000	470,000	446,368	(23,632)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0_	\$ 135,900	\$ 135,900

GRAYSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND			
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 9,164,544	\$ 9,164,544	\$ 9,491,194	\$ 326,650
Charges for Services	93,000	93,000	89,243	(3,757)
Miscellaneous	225,000	225,000	411,106	186,106
Interest	28,000	28,000	45,415	17,415
Total Revenues	9,510,544	9,510,544	10,036,958	526,414
EXPENDITURES				
Protection to Persons and Property	6,346,300	6,744,750	6,457,570	287,180
Debt Service	728,000	805,665	20,832	784,833
Capital Projects	, = -,	295,165	295,165	,,
Administration	3,216,244	2,729,314	2,414,352	314,962
Total Expenditures	10,290,544	10,574,894	9,187,919	1,386,975
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	(780,000)	(1,064,350)	849,039	1,913,389
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers to Other Funds	(120,000)	(120,000)	(881,789)	(761,789)
Borrowed Money		284,350	284,350	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(120,000)	164,350	(597,439)	(761,789)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(900,000)	(900,000)	251,600	1,151,600
Fund Balance - Beginning	900,000	900,000	1,072,918	172,918
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,324,518	\$ 1,324,518

GRAYSON COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2007

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

General Fund Reconciliation

Total Expenditures - Budgetary Basis Plus: Capital Outlay - Skate Park	\$ 1,956,669 50,000
Total Expenditures - Modified Cash Basis	\$ 2,006,669
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Budgetary Basis Plus: Financing Obligation Proceeds	\$ 109,510 50,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Modified Cash Basis	\$ 159,510

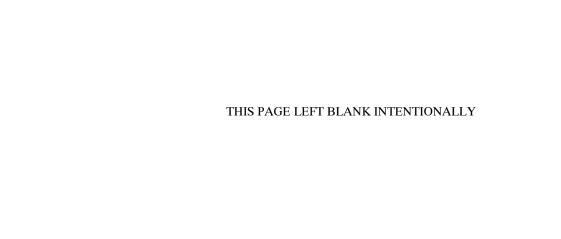
GRAYSON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2007

GRAYSON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2007

	Go Ec	Local vernment conomic sistance Fund	G	deral Frant Tund	Disaster and Emergency Services Fund	En	nergency 911 Fund	Gov	Total on-Major ernmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,349	\$	504	\$	\$	27,579	\$	47,432
Total Assets	\$	19,349	\$	504	\$	\$	27,579	\$	47,432
FUND BALANCES Reserved For:									
Encumbrances	\$	4,609	\$		\$	\$	2,424	\$	7,033
Unreserved:									
Special Revenue Funds		14,740		504			25,155		40,399
Total Fund Balances	\$	19,349	\$	504	\$	\$	27,579	\$	47,432



GRAYSON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

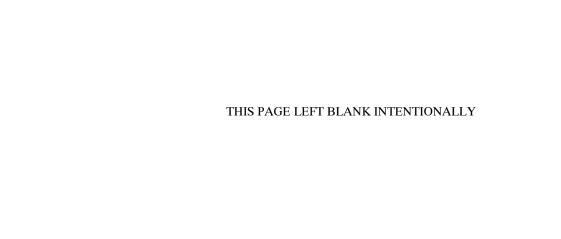
For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

GRAYSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	Federal Grant Fund	Disaster and Emergency Services Fund	Emergency 911 Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$ 265,685	\$ 265,685
Intergovernmental	83,592	298,358		28,219	410,169
Charges for Services				60,000	60,000
Miscellaneous	3,153			187,930	191,083
Interest	2,383			2,756	5,139
Total Revenues	89,128	298,358		544,590	932,076
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	11,524				11,524
Protection to Persons and Property	67,485			572,693	640,178
General Health and Sanitation	14,732				14,732
Social Services	17,118				17,118
Recreation and Culture	20,005				20,005
Bus Service	8,500				8,500
Debt Service	2,920			26,288	29,208
Capital Projects		297,854			297,854
Administration				118,705	118,705
Total Expenditures	142,284	297,854		717,686	1,157,824
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other					
Financing Sources (Uses)	(53,156)	504		(173,096)	(225,748)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from Other Funds				170,000	170,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				170,000	170,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(53,156)	504		(3,096)	(55,748)
Fund Balances - Beginning	72,505			30,675	103,180
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 19,349	\$ 504	\$	\$ 27,579	\$ 47,432



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Gary Logsdon, Grayson County Judge/Executive Members of the Grayson County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grayson County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2008. Grayson County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Grayson County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Grayson County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Grayson County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Grayson County Fiscal Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accountants

May 24, 2008

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

GRAYSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Appendix A

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

GRAYSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

The Grayson County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name

County Judge Executiv

Name

County Treasurer